

square indentations at the outer margin, below which is a wide groove. The body of the sherd is ornamented with large stamp-impressions.

Fig. 3 is a large fragment, with a slightly expanding rim. It is of a dark color. A zone of vertical cord-impressions decorates the neck. At the shoulder are three lines of short vertical incisions, while the body is ornamented with vertical bands inclosing rows of incised lines.

Fig. 4 is a rim-fragment, ornamented with stamp-impressions.

OZAUKEE COUNTY POTTERY.

From the camp or village sites situated along the lake beach near the towns of Mequon, Port Washington and Belgium, in Ozaukee county, a number of pottery fragments have been obtained, though not yet in sufficient quantity to permit of intelligent study or comparison. These are said not to differ particularly in composition or decorative treatment from those of the New Amsterdam locality, next to be considered.

NEW AMSTERDAM POTTERY.

The New Amsterdam site has been previously described by the author in an early number of the Wisconsin Archeologist. (Vol. 1, No. 3.) It is located near the former hamlet of New Amsterdam, at a distance of about fifteen miles south along the lake shore from the city of Sheboygan. It marks the southern termination of these aboriginal dwelling places in Sheboygan county. Indications of aboriginal occupation are said to have been far more abundant there in an early day than they are at present.

The earthenware obtained here exhibits a quite as marked individuality as that of the locality just considered.

Most of the pots appear to have been of large size, globular in shape, slightly constricted at the neck, and with a very slightly expanding rim. The majority were marked over their entire outer surface with coarse fabric-impressions. The tempering material employed was very coarse; consisting of sand, disintegrated granite, and in some instances of crushed flint. The walls are generally very thick and the ornamentation rude. Some very thin and delicate specimens have been found, a few being cord-marked. These examples are not, however, characteristic of the greater quantity of this ware, which in its substantial construction and decorative treatment harmonizes well with the other artefacts of stone and copper found.

A very nice demonstration of this variance of the aboriginal artefacts of this site, and of the two following, may be had by